

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

GRILAMID XE 4105 BLACK 9992

Product description

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 is a 50% glass fibre reinforced, heat stabilised and UV resistant polyamide 610 (PA610) injection moulding grade.

This product is to a large extent based on renewable raw materials and its eco-profile is very favourable when compared to similar products based on crude oil.

The main features of Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 are:

- High stiffness
- Low water absorption
- Good heat, UV and chemical resistance
- Easy processing

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 is particularly suitable for the manufacturing of technical injection moulded parts in the application fields of:

- Automotive
- Electrical & Electronic goods
- Mechanical engineering
- Sports & leisure goods
- Domestic appliances



PROPERTIES

Mechanical Properties		Standard	Unit	State	Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992
Tensile E-Modulus	1 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	dry cond.	15500
					12500
Tensile strength at break	5 mm/min	ISO 527	MPa	dry cond.	205
					160
Elongation at break	5 mm/min	ISO 527	%	dry cond.	3.2
					4.5
Impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/2-1eU	kJ/m²	dry cond.	80
					80
Impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/2-1eU	kJ/m²	dry cond.	70
					80
Notched impact strength	Charpy, 23°C	ISO 179/2-1eA	kJ/m²	dry cond.	15
					16
Notched impact strength	Charpy, -30°C	ISO 179/2-1eA	kJ/m²	dry cond.	11
					11
Ball indentation hardness		ISO 2039-1	MPa	dry cond.	245
					175
Thermal Properties					
Melting point	DSC	ISO 11357	°C	dry	225
Heat deflection temperature HDT/A	1.80 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	200
Heat deflection temperature HDT/C	8.00 MPa	ISO 75	°C	dry	150
Thermal expansion coefficient long.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 ⁻⁴ /K	dry	0.2
Thermal expansion coefficient trans.	23-55°C	ISO 11359	10 ⁻⁴ /K	dry	0.8
Maximum usage temperature	long term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	100 – 130
Maximum usage temperature	short term	ISO 2578	°C	dry	160
Electrical Properties					
Dielectric strength		IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	dry cond.	35
					34
Comparative tracking index	CTI	IEC 60112	-	cond.	600
Specific volume resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω·m	dry cond.	10 ¹⁰
Specific surface resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω	cond.	10 ¹⁰
General Properties					
Density		ISO 1183	g/cm³	dry	1.53
Flammability (UL94)	0.8 mm	ISO 1210	rating	-	HB
Water absorption	23°C/sat.	ISO 62	%	-	1.9
Moisture absorption	23°C/50% r.h.	ISO 62	%	-	0.8
Linear mould shrinkage	long.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.1
Linear mould shrinkage	trans.	ISO 294	%	dry	0.8

Product-nomenclature acc. ISO 1874: PA 610, MHR, 22-090, GF50

Processing information for injection moulding of Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992

This technical data sheet for Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 provides you with useful information on material preparation, machine requirements, tooling and processing.

MATERIAL PREPARATION

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 is delivered dry and ready for processing in sealed packaging. Pre-drying is not necessary.

Storage

Sealed, undamaged bags can be kept over a period of at least one year when stored in facilities which are dry, protected from the influence of weather and where the bags can be protected from damage.

Handling and safety

Detailed information can be obtained from the "Material Safety Data Sheet" (MSDS) which can be requested with every material order.

Drying

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 is dried and packed with a moisture content of less than 0.10 %. Should the packaging become damaged or if the material is left open too long, then the material must be dried. A too high moisture content can be recognized by a foaming melt when injected freely into the atmosphere (free shot) or silver streaks on the moulded part.

Drying can be done as follows:

Desiccant dryer

Temperature	max. 80°C
Time	4 - 12 hours
Dew point of the dryer	-30°C

Vacuum oven

Temperature	max. 100°C
Time	4 - 12 hours

Drying time

If there is only little evidence of foaming of the melt or just slight silver streaks on the part, then the above mentioned minimal drying time will be sufficient. Material, which is stored open over days, which shows strong foaming, unusually easy flowing, streaks and rough surface on the moulded part, then the maximal drying time is required.



Silver streaks can also be caused by overheating of the material or by too long melt residence time in the barrel.

Drying temperature

Polyamides are affected by oxidation at temperatures above 80°C in the presence of oxygen. Hence temperatures above 80°C for desiccant dryers and temperatures above 100°C for vacuum ovens should be avoided.

At longer residence times (over 1 hour) a hopper dryer (80°C) is useful.

Use of regrind

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 is a thermoplastic material. Hence, incomplete mouldings as well as sprues and runners can be reprocessed. The following points should be kept in mind:

- Moisture absorption
- Grinding: Dust particles and particle size distribution
- Contamination through foreign material, dust, oil, etc.
- Quantity addition to original material
- Colour variation
- Reduction of mechanical properties

When adding regrind, special care has to be taken by the moulder.

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 can be processed economically and without problems on all machines suitable for polyamides.

Screw

Wear protected, universal screws with shut-off nozzles are recommended (3 zones).

Screw

Length	18 D - 22 D
Compression ratio	2 - 2.5

Shot volume

The metering stroke must be longer than the length of the back flow valve (without decompression distance).

Selecting the injection unit

$$\text{Shot volume} = 0.5 - 0.8 \times (\text{max. shot volume})$$

Heating

At least three separately controllable heating zones, able of reaching cylinder temperatures up to 300°C. A separate nozzle heating is necessary. The cylinder flange temperature must be controllable (cooling).

Nozzle

Open nozzles are simple, allow an easy melt flow and are long lasting. There is however the danger that during retraction of the screws following injection of the melt, air may be drawn into the barrel (decompression). For this reason, needle shut-off nozzles are often used.

Clamping force

As a rule of thumb the clamping force can be estimated using the following formula:

Clamping force

$$7.5 \text{ kN}^{1)} \times \text{projected area (cm}^2\text{)}$$

¹⁾ in cavity pressure of 750 bar

TOOLING

The design of the mould tool should follow the general rules for glass fibre reinforced thermoplastics.

For the mould cavities common mould tool steel quality (e.g. hardened steel) which has been hardened to level of 56 HRC is necessary. We recommend additional wear protection in areas of high flow rates in the tool (e.g. pin point gates, hot runner nozzles).

Demoulding / Draft angle

Parts moulded from Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992 show excellent dimensional stability. Asymmetric demoulding and undercuts need to be avoided. It is favourable to foresee high numbers of large ejector pins or a stripper plate. Demoulding draft angles between 1 to 5° are acceptable. Following values can be considered:

(VDI 3400)	12	15	18	21	24	27
Depth of roughness (µm)	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.6	2.2
Demoulding angle (°)	1	1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5

(VDI 3400)	30	33	36	39	42	45
Depth of roughness (µm)	3.2	4.5	6.3	9	13	18
Demoulding angle (°)	1.8	2	2.5	3	4	5

Gate and runner

To achieve an optimal mould-fill and to avoid sink marks, a central gate at the thickest section of the moulding is recommended. Pin point gate (direct) or tunnel gates are more economical and more common with technical moulding.

To avoid premature solidification of the melt and difficult mould filing, the following points should be considered:

Gate diameter

0.8 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part

Runner diameter

1.4 x thickest wall section of the injection moulding part (but minimum 4 mm)

VENTING

In order to prevent burn marks and for improving weldline strength, proper venting of the mould cavity should be provided (dimensions of venting channels on the parting surface: Depth 0.02 mm, width 2 - 5 mm).

PROCESSING

Mould filling, post pressure and dosing

The best surface finish and a high weld line strength is achieved with a high injection speed and when a sufficiently long post pressure is employed.

The injection speed should be regulated so as to reduce towards the end of the filling cycle in order to avoid burning. For dosing at low screw revolutions and low back pressure the cooling time should be fully utilised.

Basic machine settings

In order to start up the machines for processing Grilamid XE 4105 black 9992, following basic settings are recommended:

Temperatures

Flange	70 - 90°C
Zone 1	240 - 260°C
Zone 2	250 - 270°C
Zone 3	260 - 280°C
Nozzle	260 - 280°C
Tool	70 - 90°C
Melt	260 - 290°C

Pressures / Speeds

Injection speed	medium - high
Hold-on pressure (spec.)	300 - 800 bar
Dynamic pressure (hydr.)	5 - 15 bar
Screw speed	50 - 100 min ⁻¹

CUSTOMER SERVICES

EMS-GRIVORY is a specialist for polyamide synthesis and polyamide-processing. Our customer services are not only concerned with the manufacturing and supply of engineering thermoplastics but also provide a full of technical support program:

- Rheological design calculation / FEA
- Prototype tooling
- Material selection
- Processing support
- Mould and component design

We are happy to advice you. Simply call one of our sales offices.

The recommendations and data given are based on our experience to date, however, no liability can be assumed in connection with their usage and processing.

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This version replaces all previous product specific data sheets.

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